

Disclaimer

This presentation contains not only a review of operations, but also some forward looking statements about Fletcher Building and the environment in which the company operates. Because these statements are forward looking, Fletcher Building's actual results could differ materially. Media releases, management commentary and analysts presentations, including those relating to the 2013 half year results announcement, are all available on the company's website and contain additional information about matters which could cause Fletcher Building's performance to differ from any forward looking statements in this presentation. Please read this presentation in the wider context of material previously published by Fletcher Building.

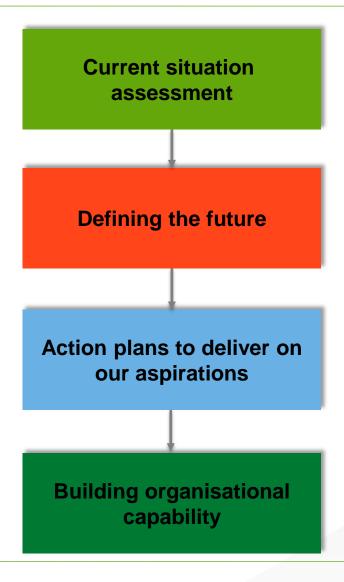


Aspirations for today

- 1. Update the market on our current thinking on group strategy, and the challenges and opportunities in each of our divisions;
- 2. Provide a "teach in" for those investors who are new to Fletcher Building, and a "point in time" update of our market positions in our key business units;
- 3. Showcase the senior executive leadership team
- 4. Map out our approach to capital management and shareholder returns



Presentation overview





Current situation assessment

We have achieved our goal of geographic diversification In doing so we have created further challenges:

- Too many small businesses,
- Complex organisational structure,
- Strategic direction has become harder to articulate

There is uncertainty as to how shareholder returns will be delivered:

Though growth or dividends/yield, or some combination

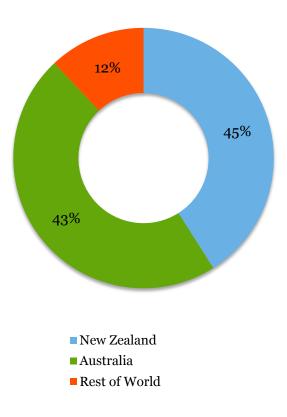
The competitive landscape has changed:

- High A\$ and NZ\$ has increased import competition
- Historically low shipping rates also making imports more viable
- Change in mix of stand-alone versus multi-unit residential construction
- Move to provide total solutions versus product-by-product approach
- Digital technology enabling new low-cost routes to market

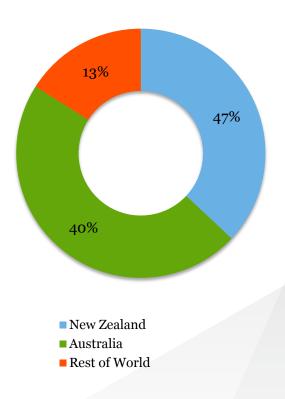


Geographic diversification has been achieved

Revenues: (6 months to 31 Dec 2012)



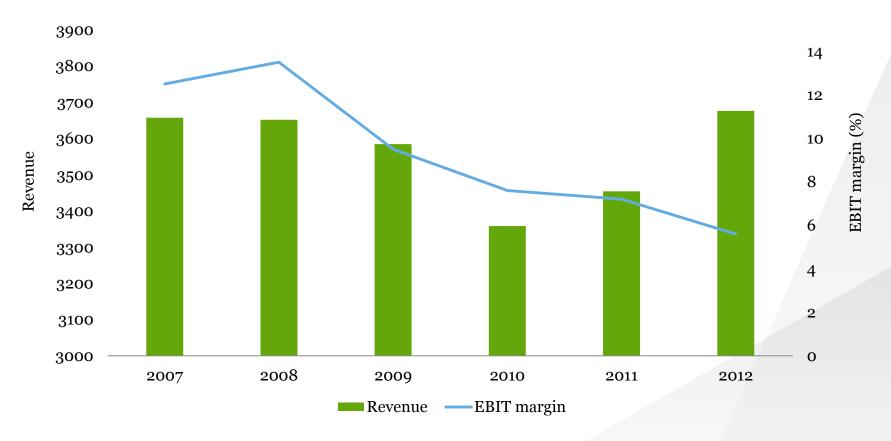
EBIT (6 months to 31 Dec 2012)





New Zealand margins have steadily declined as volumes have reduced

Revenue vs EBIT margin NZ\$million

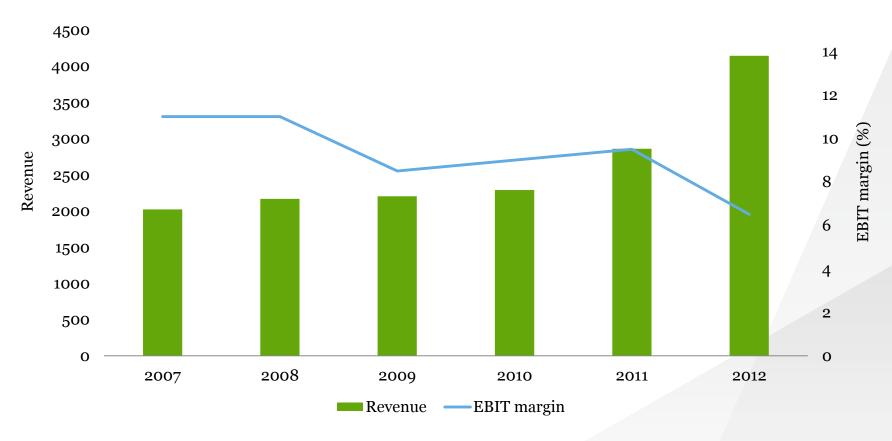


 ${\it 1.\,Pre-unusual\,items,\,restructuring\,\,and\,\,impairment\,charges\,\,and\,\,significant\,items.}$



Australian EBIT margins have fallen in recent times with decline in activity levels

Revenue vs EBIT margin NZ\$million

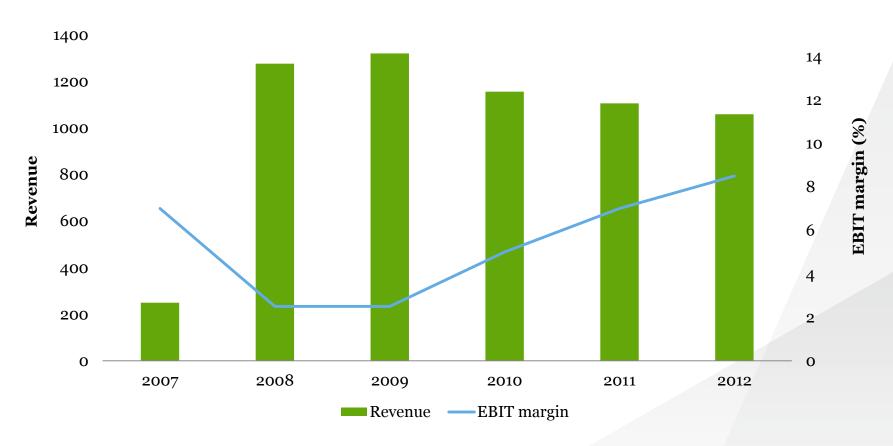


 ${\it 1.\, Pre-unusual\ items, restructuring\ and\ impairment\ charges\ and\ significant\ items.}$



Beyond Australasia improved margins have been driven by operational efficiency improvements

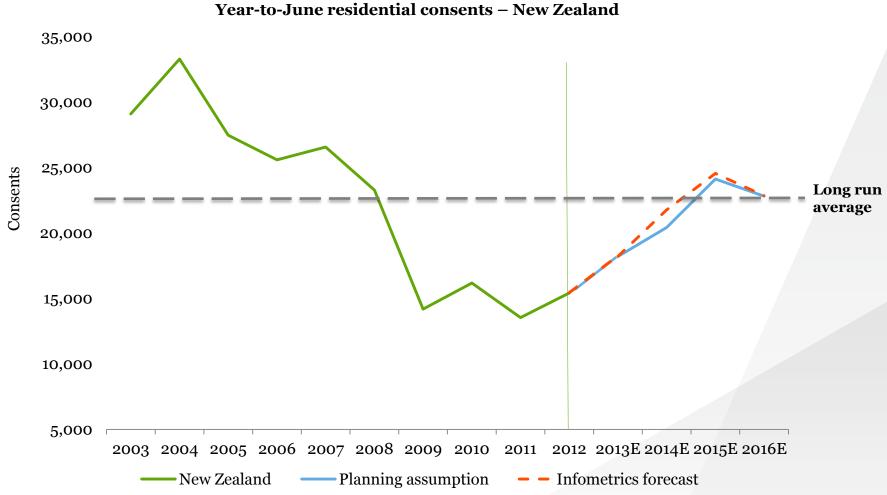
Revenue vs EBIT margin NZ\$million



1. Pre-unusual items, restructuring and impairment charges and significant items.

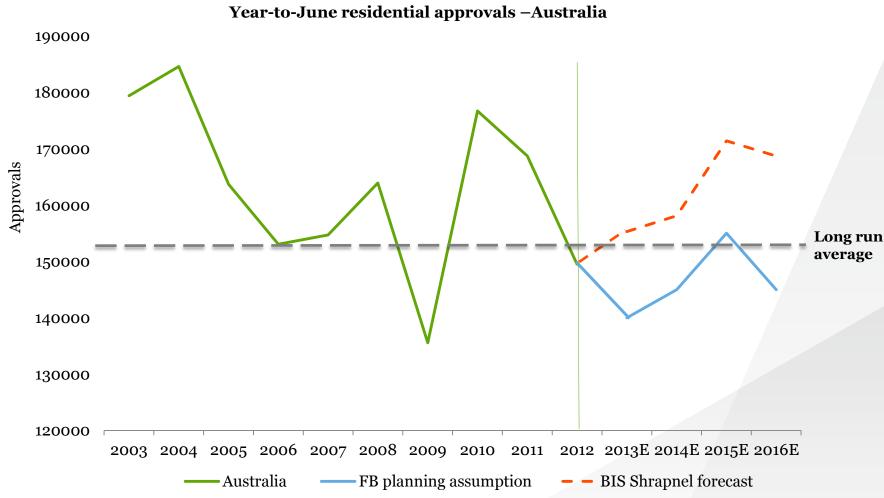


NZ consents forecast to increase through to FY15



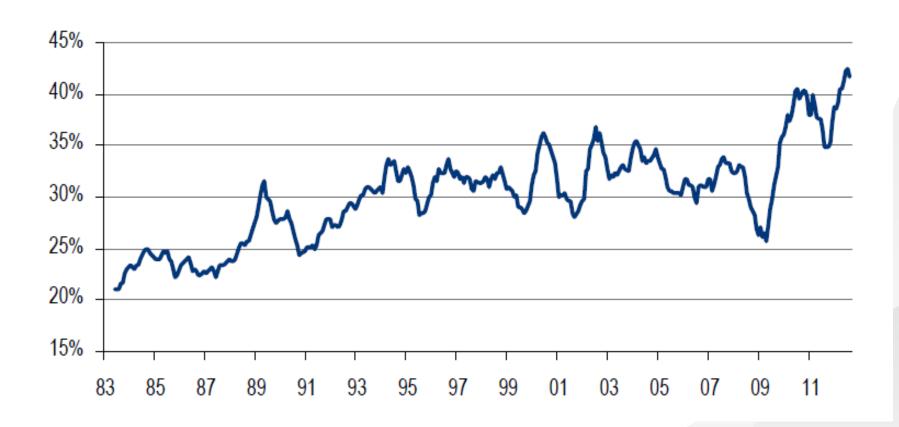


Conservative forward assumptions for Australia residential





In Australia, multi-family approvals as a % of total have steadily increased over time

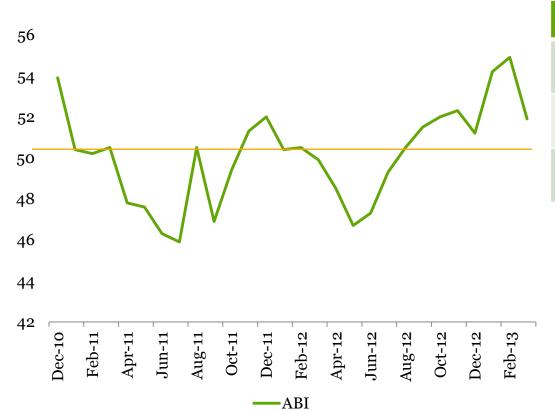




In the US, Architecture Billing Index has been positive since August 2012, but forecasts for commercial remain negative

Architecture Billing Index

50 = neutral activity; <50 = negative activity; >50 = positive activity



Forecast Range

2013	2014
-0.7% to -3.7%	+1.5% to -0.8%
-11.9% to 23.1%	+9.3% to 20.6%
2 to 6%	N/A
	-0.7% to -3.7% -11.9% to 23.1%

50 = neutral activity; <50 = negative activity; >50 = positive activity



Defining the future

There is no change to our core business as an integrated manufacturer and distributor of infrastructure and building products, as well as a construction company.

However:

- We are moving from total decentralisation to a hybrid model, with an active corporate centre supporting business units through centres of excellence
- We will leverage group scale to drive efficiencies and best practice

We see returns being delivered to shareholders through:

- Earnings growth over time through operating efficiency
- Making businesses more sustainable long term
- Growing management capability
- Increased focus on cash returns



Defining the future

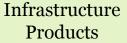
Transformational change to build a platform for sustainable growth:

To: From: **Decentralised + active centre Highly decentralised Centres of Excellence Complete autonomy** Realignment /organic growth **Growth externally focused Performance beyond the cycle** Cycle drives performance **Continuous improvement** Safety focus improvement **Best in Class capability Stay in business**



Business structure has been simplified around 5 divisional groupings





- Cement
- Readymix
- Aggregates
- Concrete Products
- Concrete pipes
- Quarries
- Long steel
- Reinforcing bar, mesh and wire
- Iplex pipelines
- Copper tube distribution



Building Products



- Plasterboard
- Insulation
- Roof tiles
- Coated steel
- Aluminium windows & doors
- Sinkware



Laminates & Panels

Laminex

- MDF
- Particleboard
- LPM
- HPL

Formica

• HPL



Distribution

New Zealand

- 57 PlaceMakers branches
- 12 PlaceMakers frame and truss sites
- 63 Mico branches

Australia

- 223 Tradelink branches
- 17 Hudson Building Supplies branches
- 12 Northern's Plumbing Supplies branches



Construction

Construction

- General construction
- Infrastructure projects
- Residential house development



FBUnite is at the heart of driving improved returns over time



PEOPLE

Developing a winning culture.

Organisational development

Learning Academy
Leadership
Performance management
Talent management
Global employee engagement

Intranet

HRIS





Divisional CE's

INNOVATION & GROWTH

Responsive to market changes.

Future distribution opportunities

Future growth opportunities

Digital

ICT roadmap
Digital business strategy
Customer/marketing/CRM



Gerry Bollman

PERFORMANCE EXCELLENCE

Optimising operational performance.

Network optimisation

Freight/logistics
Distribution footprint

Operational excellence

Manufacturing Supply chain Health & Safety



Gerry Bollman

EFFICIENCY

Creating the lowest possible cost structure.

Procurement

Indirect Direct ICT

Shared services centre

Finance – Accounts Payable/ Accounts Receivable HR – Payroll, learning and development Desktop support Purchasing

Property

Portfolio management Rationalisation Transactions



FBUnite is at the heart of driving improved returns over time

Cost out & operational excellence programmes

New investments around:

Digital Strategy

Enabling IT investment

Exploration of new distribution models

Further work around growth options

OD: Streamlining organisational structure

Total benefits arising from FBUnite expected to be in the range of \$75m-\$100m p.a.

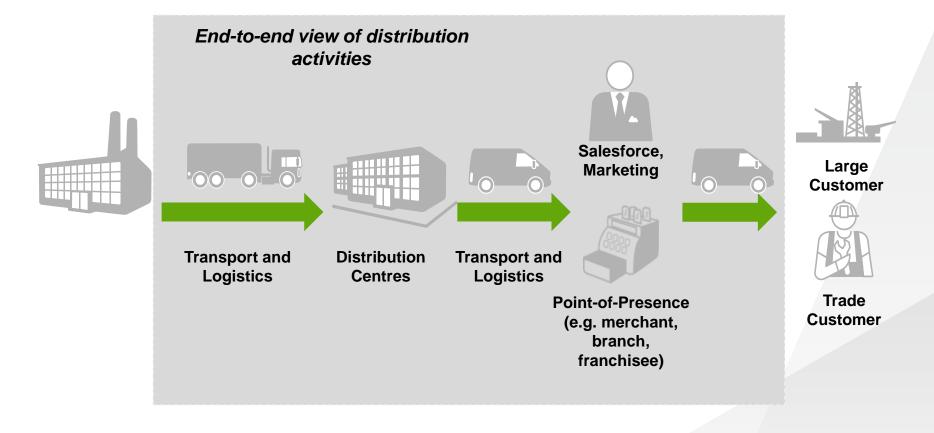
Benefits should become evident in FY15

Capital and operating expenditure will be incurred in FY14 which will offset early benefits

Other pressures (price/margin/volume) may partly offset net EBIT contribution from FBUnite



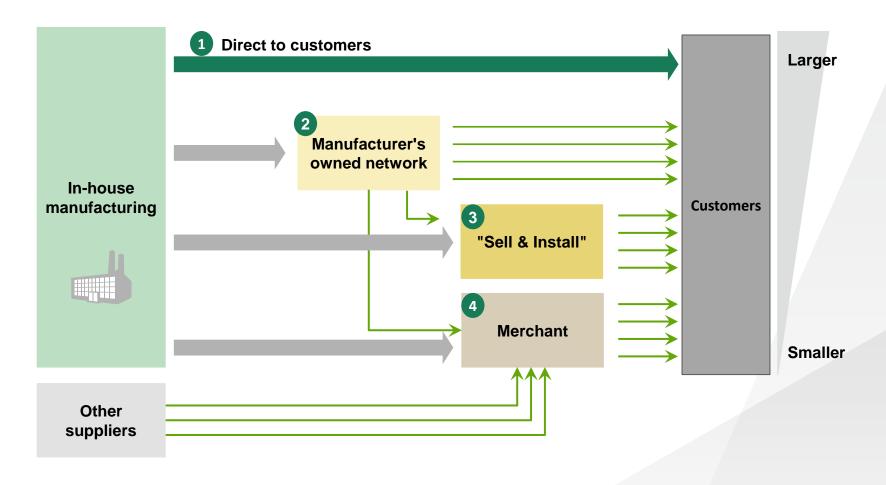
Distribution strategy review is considering all activities from the factory gate to the end-user



More expansive view than just merchants, although Fletcher Building may not need to own or control all these activities



Four main channels to market observed in NZ and Australian building products industry



Source: Company information; BCG Analysis



Building organisational capability

Leadership

 Accelerated learning and development for our Leaders to mitigate the experience gaps and to build the desired level of capability

Talent

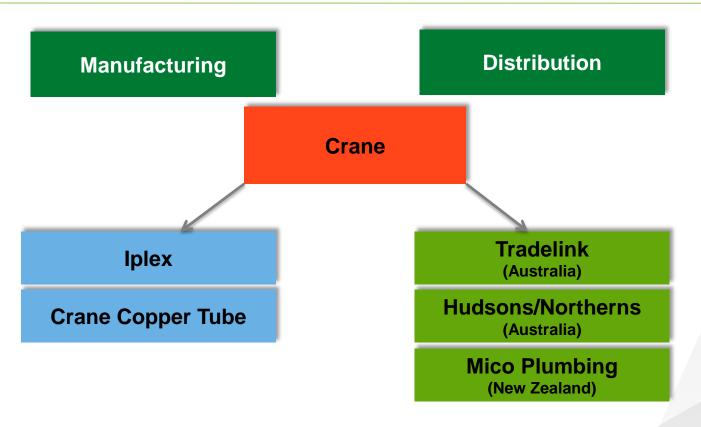
 Increased focus on Leadership succession – identify critical positions, and drive towards having the right people in the right roles

Culture

 We need a culture that embraces high performance, excellence and winning



Crane has been split into manufacturing and distribution businesses



Crane head Office functions have been devolved to individual business units Several businesses divested for book value, post acquisition:

Austral Wright Metals Mico Metals Corys Electrical



Tradelink: Performance improvement, timing and execution

Phase 1 (yr 1)

Pay the journey

- Improve product availability issue
- Engage sales force
- Address state performance
- Improve promotional execution

Bend the sales/EBIT curve and lay foundations for growth Phase 2 (yr 2)

Growth phase

- Improve customer product offering
- Improve product knowledge
- Improve speed of service

Take market share

Phase 3 (yr 3-5)

Growth dynasty

- Compelling brand differentiation and alignment
- Superior training, recruitment and development of people
- Optimised branch network
- Efficient distribution
- New (Gen Y Plumber) technology

Sustained sales/ EBIT growth



Outlook FY2013

New Zealand

- Uplift in housing consents in first half should lift performance of businesses exposed to residential sector in the second half
- Infrastructure projects continue to underpin non-residential activity
- Reconstruction work in Canterbury expected to remain at high levels

Australia

- Downturn in residential and weak commercial construction activity likely to remain in second half
- Cost reduction initiatives will partly mitigate the impact of continued weak underlying trading conditions

Asia: Improvement dependent on expected upturn in China

North America: Improvement expected in the second half

Europe: Depressed conditions likely to continue



Financial outlook FY2013

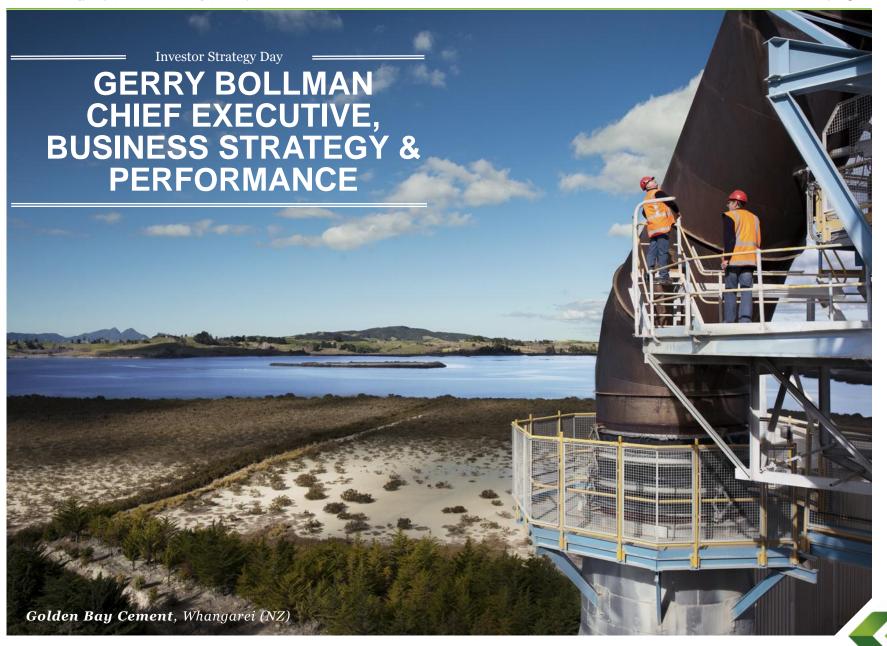
Guidance provided at Annual Shareholders Meeting confirmed.

Operating earnings for the 2013 financial year are expected to be in the range of \$560 million to \$610 million, inclusive of all restructuring charges.

Second half growth expected from momentum seen in New Zealand market.

Assumes no further deterioration in Australia or other markets.





Presentation Overview

Fletcher Building Strategy

Role of the Centre

Business Unit Strategy



Fletcher Building Overview

Fletcher Building: Who Are We

An integrated manufacturer and distributor of infrastructure and building products, as well as a construction company

Fletcher Building: How We Create Value

Building, acquiring and managing strong asset positions in core markets

Building positions in the value chain ranging from the customer upstream to raw material extraction

Empowering our business units to build deep customer, product and market knowledge to grow share

Leveraging our size and scale to drive efficiencies and invest in world class capabilities



Fletcher Building: Where We Look To Grow Earnings

Growth Strategy Development

ILLUSTRATIVE

Realign the portfolio and position for further organic growth

Reinforce and replicate favourable market positions Extend and build capabilities to become best-in-class

EBIT Today

Current Improvement Initiatives (FB Unite)

Growth from Existing Segments in Existing Markets

Growth from Infill and Adjacent Segments in NZ & AUS

Leverage Capabilities into New Geographies Segments

EBIT Tomorrow

- Benefits from Transformation Program and establishment of COF
 - Procurement
 - Property - Digital

 - Operational Excellence
 - Shared Services
- For remaining portfolio businesses, improve / consolidate position in markets where we play today
- Enhanced vertical integration
- Cost / efficiency improvements
- Enhanced asset position
- Further leveraging differentiated capabilities

- Infill current gaps in our value chain plays in NZ and Australia
- Enter attractive adiacencies in NZ and Australia which are complementary to our existing capabilities
- Fortify and leverage our strongest capabilities into new segments / geographies which can deliver the highest potential for profitable growth

Increasing Risk



This has implications for...

Make-up of the portfolio

Don't anticipate any significant M&A activity Do see the opportunity to shape the portfolio

Investment, both CAPEX and OPEX

Investment has to be differentiated and linked to priorities

Role of the Centre

Improve traditional corporate management activities Focus on value creating activities

Role of the Business Unit

Delivering EBIT and ROFE targets today Building long term sustainable businesses for the future



FB has operated a very decentralised business model with a small corporate centre

Under this model, shareholder value is created almost exclusively through the activities performed by the business units...

BU Value Creation Activities				
+ Products	+ Pricing	+ Service Levels	+ Value	
+ Customer Mgmt	+ Sales & Distr'n	+ Innovation/R&D	Proposition	
+ Manufacturing	+ Supply Chain	+ People Mgmt	+ Competitive Advantage	

...While the Centre performs a limited number of value creating activities...

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FB Value Creation Activities

+ Capital Alloc. + Risk + Tax Optimisation + Low Cost Finance
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...And undertakes a select number of corporate management functions

FB Corporate Management			
+ Portfolio Management + Consolidation Accounting	+ Legal + Treasury	+ Investor Relations + Group HR	



We believe there are significant incremental value creating activities that the Centre can provide

Our goal should be to grow shareholder value ahead of expectations by optimising our business value and our corporate premium





An Activist Centre seeks to engage in activities that deliver incremental value in one or more ways

Incremental Growth

- Identification of attractive growth paths
- Capital allocation
- Cross BU revenue synergies
- Strategic insights

Lower Costs

- Group procurement
- Distribution/ logistics efficiencies
- Property
- Finance costs
- Tax optimisation

Enhanced Capabilities

- Digital
- Strategy
- Marketing
- Legal
- Operational excellence

Lower Risk

- Lower BU financial risk through improved profitability (revenue, cost & finance impacts)
- Enhanced risk management: Tax, legal, regulatory & environmental

Organisation Development

- Recruiting
- Learning and development
- Talent mobility
- Remuneration



FBUnite: multi-year business transformation programme



PEOPLE

Developing a winning culture.

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Leadership
Performance management
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HRIS





INNOVATION & GROWTH

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Network optimisation

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Distribution footprint

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Manufacturing Supply chain Health & Safety



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Finance – Accounts Payable/ Accounts Receivable HR – Payroll, learning and development Desktop support Purchasing

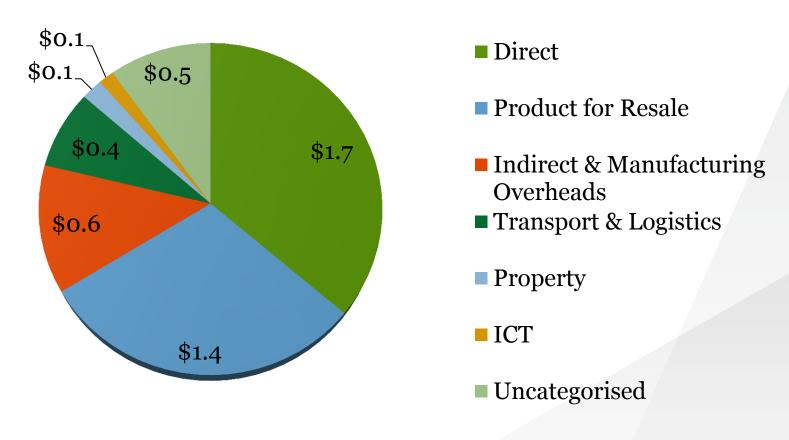
Property

Portfolio management Rationalisation Transactions



Group Procurement: Total third party spend in NZ / Australia is NZ\$4.8bn

FY12 Third Party Spend (NZ\$bn)





Group Procurement: Phased implementation

Phase 1 – Discovery + Quick wins

Phase 2 Execution

Phase 3 Future State

- Recruiting the team
- Defining operational model
- Identifying process and governance requirements
- Consolidation and analysis of information
- Strategy build of key indirect categories
- Quick wins on key indirect categories

- Build and develop the team
- Develop communication networks
- Implement policy and governance
- Execution of procurement category strategies
- Measure, manage and report performance

- Continual improvement
- Review, improve, apply
- Consistent focus on reducing cost and increasing value from suppliers



Group Procurement: Objectives

Increase value and reduce cost

A more efficient and effective group-wide Procurement function

Move from transactional to strategic procurement

Provide opportunities for all suppliers based on capability and capacity

Standardised, simplified and efficient procure-to-pay processes

Reduced / Rationalised / Optimised

Maintain competitive tension and sustainable supplier markets

Ensure on-going innovation and collaboration

Ensure that we are undertaking responsible Procurement of goods and services – consideration for people, profit and planet



Group Procurement: The Hybrid Operational Model - Leverage to the Highest Point of Opportunity

Group

Group

Centre Led – Governance - Policy, Methodology, Process

Centralised – Goods / Services

Strategy & Procurement of goods / services or suppliers that are required across Divisions.

Division

Division Level

Procurement of goods / services or suppliers that ONLY supply sites within a division and do not have a group wide strategy e.g. Paper – Laminate and Panels, Resin – Laminates and Panels

BU Level

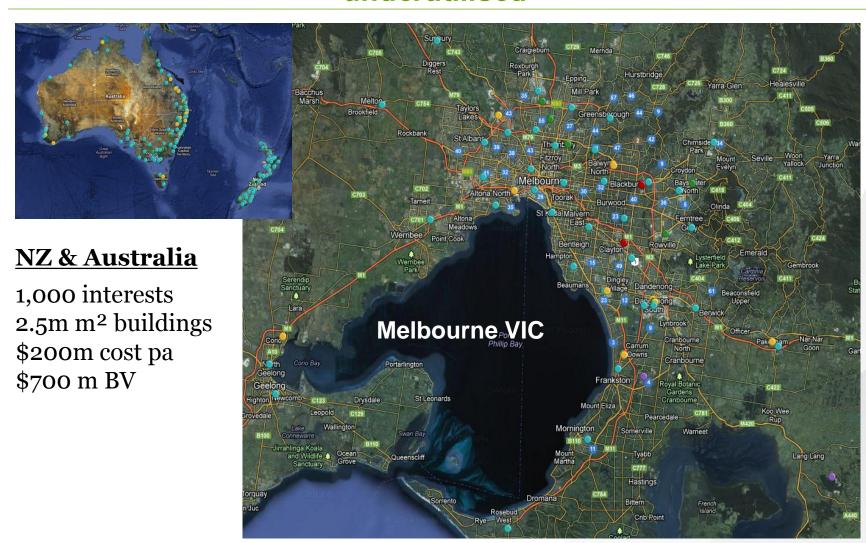
Procurement of goods / services or suppliers that ONLY supply that individual BU e.g. Specific MRO Requirements, Gypsum

Purchase Orders raised against contracts

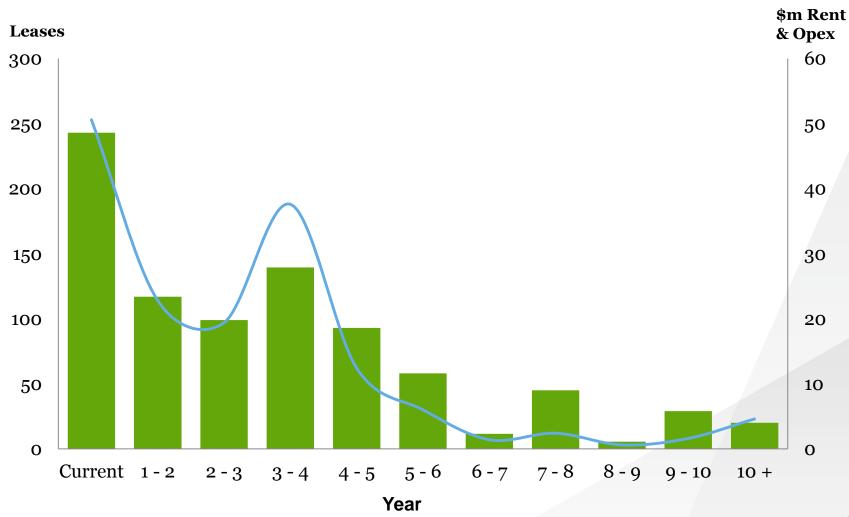
BU



Fletcher Building property portfolio - "large, vast, underutilised"



Property: Lease Expiry Profile – "Opportunity to Change"





Property: Strategic Improvement Themes

Property Rationalisation

Reduction in Fletcher property footprint through network optimisation and business co-location opportunities

Property Transactions

Maximise value through expert leadership of property disposals, acquisitions, rent reviews etc.

Optimise Property Management

More centralised and capable property team, robust governance, standardised process

Property Information System

Centralised data – management and strategic tool, performance benchmarking

Operations Excellence: 10 Pillars to Success

Key assumptions and direction

Programme will address manufacturing and supply chain (excluding procurement)

The '10 Pillars' programme will provide the tools needed to achieve Operations Excellence

The programme will not be a quick fix......it will take approximately 3 years
We will work closely with other functions ie, procurement and property management
10 Pillars approach will be applied to manufacturing and warehouse facilities

Sites will be assessed through 3 levels using 10 different but interrelated aspects

The system defines the meaning of excellence in 10 Pillars and links to KPIs (SQCDME)

Sites can evaluate their own performance and systematically upgrade

Our aim is to benchmark performance and share data through improved IT systems

Use data to share best practice and support each other

Use experiences to generate the next high performance operations personnel

Create a 'Directory of Knowledge' for operations personnel ie, training materials



Operations Excellence programme





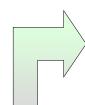
Operations Excellence: Example: "Pillar 6- Efficiency control"

LEVEL 1 PLANT

- Standard Operations Procedure (SOP) in place in only a few areas but not followed by all employees.
- OEE not fully understood Achievement >50%
- Weak shop floor management system in place
 - Lack of urgency to fix problems
 - No escalation system in place
 - No short interval target monitoring
 - No understanding of 7 Wastes
 - No performance review system
 - No display of line performance
- Continuous improvement culture in not in place
 - No SMED system in place large lot size mentality exists
 - No VSM in place
 - · No targets for improvement

LEVEL 2 PLANT

- SOP in place but not used by all employees
- OEE >75% achieved
- Shop Floor management in place
 - Daily reviews commenced –'Fix it now' mentality in place
 - Attended by all functions
 - Visual displays of all performance data
 - Daily explanation of production data to operators
 - 7 Wastes are understood and programmes developed to tackle biggest wastes
- Some Continuous Improvement Initiatives have taken place
 - SMED completed on 50% of all machines
 - Plant level VSM

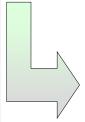


LEVEL 3 PLANT

- SOP in place and used by all employees.
 Supervisors use SOP's to train new employees
- OEE >85%
- Shop Floor Management in control
 - Production review every 2 hours
 - All production personnel trained in efficiency monitoring & concern resolution
 - Problems solving tools are used ie Pareto, 3C's, 5 Whys
- Lean culture visible and implemented through out the plant
 - · SMED completed on all machines
 - All Lines level VSM
- Simple automation is used to improve efficiency
- Ergonomics study results used to improve operator fatigue & improve efficiency

STEPS TO LEVEL 2

- Develop SOP's
- Shop floor staff trained in OEE measurement. CAR structure in place
- Implement and develop a production management system
 - Resources planning
 - Time control & Discipline
 - Review mechanisms (hourly, daily)
 - Operational report
 - 7 wastes training for all employees
- Implement continuous improvement initiatives
 - Kick-off SMED program
 - VSM training



STEPS TO LEVEL 3

- Enforce, improve and train with SOP's
- Daily review of CAR's
- Pacing boards in place and in control and training on Problem Solving Tools
- Develop future state map for each line
- Implement a LEAN structure
 - Develop SMED program for bottleneck processes
- Consider simple automation for efficiency improvement
- Carry out ergonomics studies to ease operator fatigue & improve efficiency



Operations Excellence: Summary of early observations and opportunities

Observations in Manufacturing:

Employees are passionate about their business
Strong product range produced across FB Group
Some 'pockets of excellence' exist in some business units
No common system or structure for manufacturing improvement
No sharing across divisions of best practice

Opportunities in Manufacturing:

Set up a structured manufacturing system across FB Group Cross divisional forums will expand and share best practice Focus on productivity, quality and employee development

Benefits:

- Labour cost reduction per product
- Lead time improvement and inventory reduction
- Scrap and defect reduction
- EBIT improvement



Operations Excellence: Summary of early observations and opportunities

Observations in Supply Chain (transport and warehousing):

Some excellent examples of best practice:

Warehouse management Transport management

No cross divisional approach to network optimisation:

Transport routes and systems are divisional based No consideration to warehouse consolidation

Opportunities in Supply Chain Management:

Implement `10 Pillar' approach to site improvement

Efficiency improvement will be generated Customer quality claims reduced Inventory reduced

Programmes will highlight opportunities for warehouse consolidation



Network optimisation overview

What do we mean by network optimisation:

Identifying, evaluating and implementing options to move products from the point of manufacture or supply to the customer at the lowest cost, while meeting service requirements.

The options will consider how the network of transport lanes, storage and distribution locations is best configured and used to meet customer demand. Where it makes sense we will recommend changes to transport, warehouses, product handling, business processes and information systems.

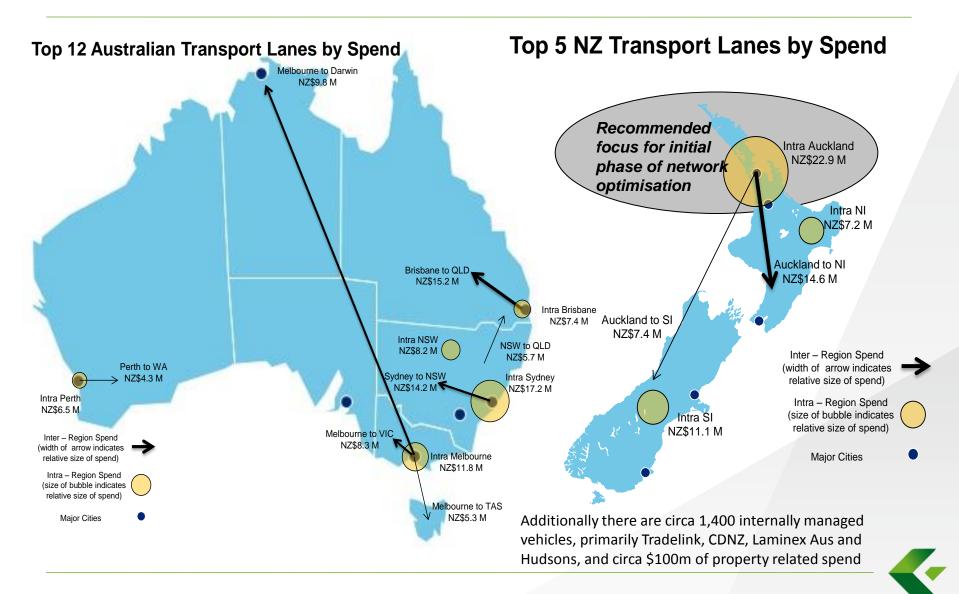
Some options can be implemented quickly, such as changes to delivery routes. Other options are more complicated and can take longer, such as consolidating warehouses across business units.



Network optimisation - What is in (and out) of scope?

In Scope	Joint with Procurement	Out of scope
 Inbound transport Linehaul and multimodal transport Customer deliveries Route optimisation Load optimisation Physical footprint (e.g. warehouses) Cross-business unit opportunities 	 Equipment standardisation / fleet optimisation (joint with procurement) Moving owned / leased fleet to third-parties (or vice versa) Ex works pickup and backhaul initiatives Systems integration (to provide visibility of demand across BUs) 	 Supplier consolidation Freight recoveries International freight Certain highly specialised vehicles (e.g. concrete trucks) Initiatives already underway within BUs (e.g. Placemakers) "Micro" scale improvements (sits within operations excellence)

Overview of regional transport spend



We have worked with our businesses to understand historic drivers of value

Drivers of Financial Performance Relative to Industry

Value Chain

- Businesses operating across multiple value chain positions deliver superior returns vs. nonintegrated competitors
- Can often provide value through:
 - Increased utilisation of large, upstream fixed assets
 - Preferred and secured supply
 - Distribution efficiency

Low Cost Position

- All things being equal, businesses with lean cost structures are able to deliver superior financial returns vs. competitors
- Low cost position can provide value through:
 - Competitively priced volume in the bottom of the cycle
 - Flexibility in response to low priced imports

3 Strong Asset Position

- Businesses which have fundamentally strong asset positions can deliver superior financial returns vs. competitors
- Privileged assets provide value through:
 - Brand loyalty
 - Strong customer relationships
 - Unique market knowledge

Capability Differentiation

- Businesses which have unique capabilities in a market are able to deliver superior financial returns vs. competitors
- Capability differentiation provides value through:
 - Inability of competitors to quickly follow
 - Clarity of internal understanding of drivers of value
 - Coherence in portfolio



We are now working to understand how historical strengths can be further leveraged and new sources of value created

We now understand the sources of our competitive advantage...

- We have driven value primarily through value chain and strong asset positions
- We have few businesses with truly differentiating capabilities (although there are pockets of excellence we can potentially leverage further)
- Our businesses are seldom low cost

...this has informed our long term path to sustainable shareholder value creation

- We will prioritise the realignment of our portfolio and exit businesses which exhibit limited coherence with our capability of managing key assets, value chain positions and have limited financial attractiveness
- We will optimise the performance our existing portfolio by fully leveraging the "4 drivers" that deliver above average financial performance
- We will selectively leverage our existing assets and capabilities to reinforce and replicate our favourable market positions
- We will extend and build new differentiating, best-in-class capabilities that will enable us to fortify our long-term competitive positioning

Fletcher Building must now <u>develop</u> and <u>execute</u> the <u>suite of initiatives</u> which will deliver the new growth strategy over the next 3-5 years



Fletcher Building: Where We Look To Grow Earnings

Growth Strategy Development

ILLUSTRATIVE

Realign the portfolio and position for further organic growth

Reinforce and replicate favourable market positions

Extend and build capabilities to become best-in-class

EBIT Today

Current Improvement Initiatives (FB Unite)

Growth from Existing Segments in Existing Markets

ng Growth from Infill and ng Adjacent Segments in NZ & AUS

ind Leverage Capabilities in into New Geographies Segments **EBIT Tomorrow**

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- Infill current gaps in our value chain plays in NZ and Australia
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Increasing Risk

