

Presentation to Macquarie Securities NZ Building & Construction Day

Jonathan Ling, Chief Executive Officer
15 October 2010





Disclaimer

This presentation contains not only a review of operations, but also some forward looking statements about Fletcher Building and the environment in which the company operates. Because these statements are forward looking, Fletcher Building's actual results could differ materially. Media releases, management commentary and analysts presentations, including those relating to the August 2010 full year results announcement, are all available on the company's website and contain additional information about matters which could cause Fletcher Building's performance to differ from any forward looking statements in this presentation. Please read this presentation in the wider context of material previously published by Fletcher Building.



Agenda

- NZ residential current state of play
- NZ household trends
- Catalysts of change in demand
- Christchurch earthquake impact
- NZ Commercial sector
- Infrastructure



NZ Residential – current state of play

- Approvals currently running at approx. 16,000 per annum vs. 15 year average of 23,700
 - but up 19% on pcp
- Consensus for the current year has fallen from 18,000 20,000 houses to 16,000
- Apartment consents are running at 15 year lows, down 45%*
 - Single dwelling consents are up 28%*
- Alterations and additions are up 2.8% after 2 years of decline*
 - "leaky home" remediation expected to positively impact this trend
- House prices are 5% below their peak in 2007
- House sales volumes are depressed 39% below 2007 levels



^{* 12} months to 31 August 2010
Investor Presentation| Fletcher Building | © October 2010

NZ Households are starting to deliver

- Household debt has increased 150% since 2000
 - -Household debt to disposable income was 105% in 2000, peaked at 159% in 2008
 - -But reducing, now at 154%
- House prices to disposable income:
 - -4.9x versus 3.5x in 2000 (peaked at approximately 5.3x)
 - -3.2x long run average
- However, debt serviceability is unchanged in real terms since 1990 due to
 - Lower mortgage interest rates
 - Real wage earnings growth
- Reduction in income tax rates from 1 October 2010:
 - -Top tax rate reduced to 33% from 38%
 - -GST to rise to 15% from 12.5%



Potential catalysts for a pick up in residential construction in NZ:

- Personal income tax cuts from 1 October 2010
- Continued strong net immigration
- Rebound in consumer confidence
- Improvement in labour force employed and hours worked
- Low interest rates & competitive mortgage market
- But look for regional variances i.e.
 - -Auckland is under built
 - -Provincial areas, especially North Island are overbuilt



Watertightness – fixing "Leaky Homes"

- PWC report of March 2010 estimated 22,000 to 89,000 dwellings affected
- Consensus forecast is 42,000 dwellings require repair, at a total cost of \$11.3 billion
 - −10 years for complete remediation
- New scheme proposed from first quarter of 2011:
 - -Government to pay 25% cost of repair
 - -Local council to pay 25% cost of repair
 - -Home owner to pay remaining 50%, but supported by government guarantee of associated bank borrowing



Impact of Christchurch earthquake

- All FBU Christchurch based businesses are back up and running
- Trading in Christchurch has been quiet while repairs are assessed and insurance claims are lodged
- No significant impact on trading result is expected in the first half of FY2011
- Residential rebuilding activity expected to accelerate in second half of FY2011
- Fletcher Construction have tendered to manage the Earthquake Commission's earthquake project management office.
- Commercial and infrastructure repairs expected to take longer



Commercial Activity

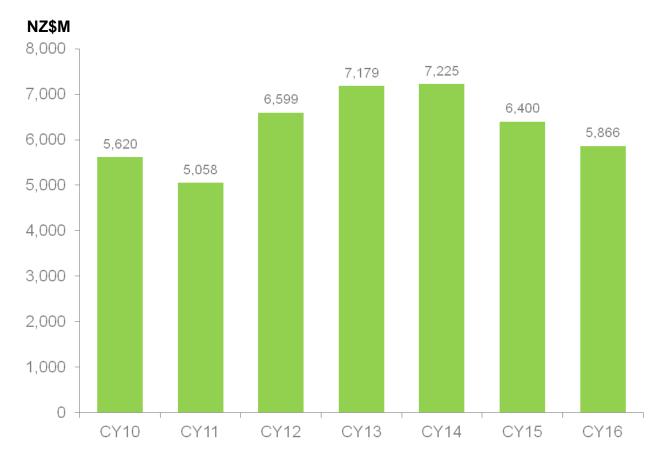
- Activity levels in the non-residential sector are at their lowest levels since early 2004*
- Value of non-residential consents to August 10 \$3.97bn, down 21.8% on prior year
- Shortage of development finance is hampering sector recovery
- Biggest falls have been in office buildings, storage and warehouses
- Continued growth in government-funded work health, cultural and education facilities
- Government funded infrastructure pipeline remains robust



^{*} Source: Dept of Building and Housing

Infrastructure Outlook

National Infrastructure Plan: CY10 to CY16



Source: National Infrastructure Plan March 2010





Presentation to Macquarie Securities NZ Building & Construction Day

Jonathan Ling, Chief Executive Officer
15 October 2010



